Pramod Pandurang Ingale. et al. / International Journal of Medicine and Health Profession Research. 3(2), 2016, 64 - 67.

Review Article

ISSN: 2394 - 7403



International Journal of Medicine and Health Profession Research Journal home page: www.ijmhpr.com



ROLE OF HERBOMETALIC FORMULATION (RASAYAN) AND PANCHKARMA IN BAL-ROG

Pramod Pandurang Ingale^{*1}, P K Das², Abhijeet Joshi³

^{1*}Department of Kaumarbhritya, SGR, Ayurved College, Solapur, Maharashtra, India.
²Department of Kaumarbhritya, Yashwant Ayurveda College, Kodoli, Maharashtra, India.
³Department of Ayurved Tilak Vidyapeeth, Pune, Maharashtra, India.

ABSTRACT

The childhood diseases described as *Bal-Rog* in ancient Ayurveda science; this is the state of mental and physical development. Ayurveda consider *Dhatri Stanya Dushti* as causative factor of diseases in *Ksheerada Avastha*. The physiological participation of *Dosh, mala* and *Dushya* are different in children as compared to adult therefore the type and prevalence of disease are also different in children and thus pediatric care needed utilization of various approaches for the management of *Bal-Rog* such as; herbal remedies, discipline life style, *Rasayan* and *Panchkarma*. This article described role of *Rasayan* and *Panchkarma* in the management of some *Bal-Rog*. However use of *Rasayan* and *Panchkarma* in *Bal-Rog* preferably not come first but traditional texts of ayurveda advised these therapy in some especial conditions. *Panchakarma* may be done from the age of seven years and as per requirement *Rasayan* therapy may be used in early age but with great precautionary measurement.

KEYWORDS

Ayurveda, Bal-Rog, Rasayana and Panchkarma.

Author for Correspondence:

Pramod PandurangIngale, Department of Kaumarbhritya, SGR, Ayurved College, Solapur, Maharashtra, India.

Email: Jaypom225@gmail.com

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda the basic science of traditional medical system in India consider *Bal Rog* under *Kaumarbhritya* and mentioned different therapeutic for the treatment of childhood diseases. Recently many researchers utilizes *Baala Panchakarma* and *Rasayana* therapy for the management of various childhood diseases, this article described various aspect of *Baala Panchakarma* and *Rasayana* therapy with special reference to the childhood diseases

(Figure No.1). The literature suggested that Bala significant role in the *Panchakarma* play management of cerebral palsy, Pranavaha Srotastha and Tamaka Shwasa. Panchakarma basically is a type of Shodhana Chikitsa. The basic principle of Kaumarabhritya involves Panchakarma in later stage of development of ayurveda science; however fixation of drug dose in and intensity of Baala Panchakarma is very important to prevent any side effect. It is believed that Panchakarma being Shodhana Chikitsa remove vitiated Doshas. The various steps of Panchakarma such as; Vamana, Virechana, Basti, Niruha or Yapana Bastis and Anuvasana Basti recommended in early childhood for the management of different abnormal physiological conditions.

The herbo mineral formulation including such as; *Rasayana* prepared using metals and minerals along with herbs for the treatment of various disorders. The concept of size reduction involves improving potency of herbo mineral formulation. The ancient literature of ayurveda reported use of herbo-mineral formulations for the treatment of various childhood diseases. The use of *Rasayana* therapy in *Bal Rog* needs great attention towards the dosing and frequency to prevent any chances of adverse reactions¹⁻⁴.

RASAYANA IN BAL ROG

Rasayana Tantra is branch comes under the branch of Astanga ayurveda which overall used to enhance longevity, intelligence and immunity. The Rasavana Shashtra also involves use of metallic formulation along herbs. Guduchi, Shankhpushpi, with Jyotishmati, Mandookparni etc are considered Rasavana. Rasavana boost functioning of Dhatus, Agni, Srotasas and Ojus and therefore act as rejuvenator. Ayurveda described Rasayana also for Bal-Rog with great care since Rasayana therapy may become harmful in children if not used properly. Rasayana therapy also used as preventive remedy in children since it enhances immunity and thus protect from various infectious diseases. There are various herbometalic formulations which may be used in children for different therapeutic purpose such as; Svaran Bhasm, Vacha, Madhu, Ghrita, Panchgavya

Ghrita, Brahmi Ghrita, Abhaya Ghrita, Samvardhana Ghrita, Mandura Bhasma and Lauha Bhasma, etc^4 .

Swarna Prashan is formulation of Swarna and herbs; Vacha and Brahmi along with honey and ghee utilized for new born baby to improve their immunity and mental health. Raw gold after rubbing on stone along with little amount of water along with honey and ghee administered to the new born baby. This type of formulation possesses many therapeutic activity like; anti-oxidant property, immunomodulatory activity and also improves Agni. The ayurveda suggest use of Swarna Prashan with precautionary measurement to enhance intelligent and immunity in children⁵.

Lauha formulation such as; Trikatrayadi Lauha prescribed in children for Pandu Roga, in this disease Pitta Prakriti of children suffer predominantly. Ayurveda strongly recommended use of Lauha in children suffers from iron deficiency. Trikatravadi Lauha contains Mandura Bhasma and Lauha Bhasma along with such as; Triphala, Trikatu and Trimada. It is believed that herbal ingredients help in iron transportation thus improve its bioavailability and also elevates blood hemoglobin level significantly in children suffered with Pandu Roga. The literature mentioned use of Lauha formulation in other physiological dysfunction such as; weakness, anorexia and fatigue⁶.

PANCHAKARMA FOR BAL-ROG

Many childhood diseases occur due to the vitiation of *Doshas* and *Panchakarma* therapy help to pacify these *Doshas* vitiation and thus relief many disorders. It is believed that purification of body through *Panchakarma* and *Yoga* pacifies *Dosha* and clear harmful toxins from the body and thus help to relive many diseases in children. *Panchakarma* utilizes various approaches of *Shodhana* such as; *Vamana, Virechan, Nasya: Vamana* in children help to eliminate *Kapha Dosha* and thus opens *pranavaha srotastha* which may block due to the accumulation of *Kapha* in *Kapha Vyadhi. Virechana* may help in *Pranavaha Sroto Vyadhi; Swasa Kasa* where *pitta dosha* is predominant. *Nasya Karma* is useful for diseases associated with *Kapha* and *Vata* predominance⁷.

Cerebral palsy is common paediatric disorder in children. Seizures, hearing impairments and mental retardation are common features of disease Ayurveda emphasized various treatment options for disease including *Panchakarma* and *Yoga*. It is *Vata Vyadhi* which involves *Pakshaghat, Ekangvata, Sarvagavata, Pangu* etc. Ayurveda believed that anti spastic, muscle relaxant and calming properties of *Panchakarma* and *Yoga* help in the management of Cerebral palsy⁸.

Another type of childhood disease is *Pakshaghata* which is a brain injury due to the decreased oxygen supply to the brain during child birth resulted motor and cognitive impairments. It is a type of *Vataja* disorder and ayurveda described that *Snehan*, *Swedan* and *Basti* may be helpful in *Vata Vyadhi* thus *Panchakarma* may be suggested for such type of disease conditions. *Vata Shamaka Panchakarma* therapy along with drugs play significant role in *Pakshaghata*. In this approach Head massage improves the blood circulation which helps to calm

and stabilizes the irritability and anxiety of the patient thus; offer nourishment to the brain and improves mental abilities. The *Annalepana* (*Snehana* and *Swedana karma*) offer relief in tonicity and spasticity. Similarly *Shiro-talam* possesses calming effect to the brain⁹.

Panchakarma and Yoga also emphasized role of Pranavaha Srotastha Vyadhi is a disease of Kapha Dosha. Kapha along with Vata Dosha play major role in appearance of Pranavaha Srotho Vyadhi, in which Dushitha Prana Vyau resulting Hikka and Swasa diseases, the disease condition involve aggravation of Kapha and Vayu. Swasa, Kasa, Hikka are the diseases of Prana Vahasroto Dusti, ayurveda suggested use of Panchakarma in pranavaha srotastha vyadhi, it is believed that Panchakarma in pranavaha srotastha vyadhi not only pacify Kapha and Vata Dosha but it also help in excretion of harmful toxins. Shodhana through Panchakarma clear accumulated Kapha and other secretion from respiratory tract and thus relief pranavaha srotastha vyadhi¹⁰.



Figure No.1: Type of *Rasayana* and *Panchakarma*

CONCLUSION

The article emphasized management of *Bal-Rog* using various ancient approaches of ayurveda science such as; herbal remedies, *Rasayan* and *Panchkarma*. This article mentioned importances of *Rasayan* and *Panchkarma* in the management of some *Bal-Rog*; although use of *Rasayan* and

Panchkarma in *Bal-Rog* must be carried out with care. *Panchakarma* may be done from the age of seven years and as per requirement while *Rasayan* therapy may be used in early age but with great precautionary measurement. The discipline life style also play significant role in the management of *Bal-Rog*.

Available online: www.uptodateresearchpublication.com

July – December

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The author which to express their sincere gratitude to Department of Kaumarbhritya, SGR, Ayurved College, Solapur, Maharashtra India for providing necessary facilities to carry out this research work.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

We declare that we have no conflict of interest.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Sushruta, Sushruta Samhita. Edited by Ambika Datta Shastri. Sharirasthana Varanasi: Chowkhamba Sanskrit Series, 14th edition, 2004, 10/68-70.
- 2. Charaka Samhita, Acharya Vidyadhara Shukla and Ravidatta Tripati R. Chaukambha Sanskrit Pratishthan, Delhi, 2007.
- 3. Vasanta C Patil. Principles and Practice of *Panchakarma*, *Atreya Ayurveda Publication*, 2007.
- Chandrakar Anju, Karbhal Kamleshwar Singh. Ayurvedic Rasaaushdi 'Mukta Shukti' (Pearl Oyster Shell)-A Review World Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, 2(5), 2012, 4139-4149.
- Mahapatra Arun Kumar Nisha Kumari Ojha Abhimanyu Kumar, Rationality of Swarna Prashan in Pediatric Practice. International Journal of Ayurvedic and Herbal Medicine, 3(3), 2013, 1191-1200.
- 6. Abhimanyu Kumar, Asish Kumar Garai. A clinical study on *Pandu Roga*, iron deficiency

anemia, with *Trikatrayadi Lauha* suspension in children, *Journal of Ayurveda and Integrative Medicine*, 3(4), 2012, 215-222.

- Masram Pravin, Ade Vedika, Patel K. S, Kori V. K, Rajagopala S. An Evidence Based Review on Ayurvedic Management of *Tamaka Shwasa* (Bronchial Asthma), *Int. J. Ayur. Pharma Research*, 3(2), 2015, 11-18.
- 8. Verma Jitesh, Singhal Harish Kumar. Current Trends in Ayurvedic Management of Cerebral Palsy in Children, *Journal of Biological and Scientific Opinion*, 1(3), 2013, 282.
- 9. Parul Sharma, Bhushan Sharma and Mohita Bohra. Management of Cerebral Palsy due to Hypoxic-Ischemic Encephalopathy, Through *Panchakarma*: Case Study, *World Journal of Pharmaceutical Research*, 4(10), 2015, 1705.
- 10. Vivek Kumar Mishra and Neha Mishra. Role of *Panchakarma* in Sequential Management of *Pranavaha Srotastha Vyadhi* in Children, *World Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 5(3), 2016, 527-538.

Please cite this article in press as: Pramod Pandurang Ingale *et al*. Role of herbometalic formulation (*rasayan*) and *panchkarma* in *bal-rog*, *International Journal of Medicine and Health Profession Research*, 3(2), 2016, 64 - 67.